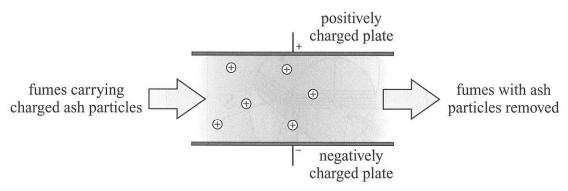
Static Electricity and Electric Fields

Fumes produced by factories often contain small ash particles that are harmful to the environment. These particles may be removed by passing the fumes through a device called an electrostatic precipitator.

The ash and fumes are passed through a charged wire grid, causing the ash particles to gain a positive charge. The ash and fumes then pass through charged parallel plates as shown in **Figure 1**.

Figure 1



a)	Explain how passing the charged ash particles through these plates will remove them from the fumes.
	[1]
	There is a fault and the charged wire grid is turned off, meaning the ash particles are uncharged before passing through the parallel plates. A large amount of the ash is still being removed from the fumes as they pass between the plates. Ash is found to collect in equal amounts on both plates.
b)	Explain why ash is still being removed from the fumes and why ash collects on both plates.
	[4]
	[Total 5 marks]

Exam Practice Tip

If, when reading a question, you come across a word or phrase that's new to you (let's be honest, the words 'electrostatic precipitator' don't pop up too often in conversation), don't be put off — read the whole question carefully and look for clues that link the question to what you've learned in class.

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