



Mark Scheme (Results)

Pearson Edexcel

Additional Sample Assessment Materials
GCSE 9-1
Combined Science
Paper 5: Physics 1
1SC0/1PF

First examination 2017

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Paper 1 Physics Foundation SAM 2

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	C reaction time	(1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(b)(i)	any value from 19 to 20 inclusive.	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (b)(ii)	An explanation that combines identification via a judgment (2 marks) to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning (1 mark): - Idea that (approximately) equal incremental increases in speed cause equal incremental increases in thinking distance - correct reference to figures in table and - therefore the student's conclusion is correct	The last marking point can only be achieved if at least one of the other two marks is awarded	(3)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c) (i)	substitution Time = $37/25$ (1) Evaluation (1) = 1.5 (s)	Allow 1.48 (s) full marks will be awarded for correct numerical answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c) (ii)	substitution $\text{K.E.} = 0.5 \times 1300 \times 20^2$ (1) evaluation (1) $= 260,000 \text{ J}$	260 kJ full marks will be awarded for correct numerical answer without working	(2)

Total for question 1 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a) (i)	substitution and conversion (1) $v = 0.05/0.08$ evaluation (1) $v = 0.63 \text{ (m/s)}$	full marks will be awarded for correct numerical answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a)(ii)	$a = (v-u) / t$ (1)		(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a)(iii)	substitution (1) $(1.1-0.72) / 0.53$ evaluation (1) 0.72 m/s^2	full marks will be awarded for correct numerical answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b) (i)	any correct points from line Q e.g. substitution (1) mass = $2/2$ evaluation (1) 1 (kg)	Accept answers in the range 1 to 1.05 (kg) full marks will be awarded for correct numerical answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (b) (ii)	an answer that combines points of interpretation to provide a logical description: • (trolley/it) has the smallest acceleration for the largest force • (and) $m = F/a$		(2)

Total for question 2 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (a) (i)	C wave front is longer		(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a) (ii)	substitution and rearrangement (1) $t = 4.0 / 0.70$ evaluation (1) 5.7 (s)	accept 6 (s)	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (a) (iii)	2/3 0.67 m		(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (a) (iv)	An explanation that combines identification - application of knowledge (1 mark) and reasoning/justification - application of understanding (1 mark): the cork is oscillating at right angles / perpendicular (1) to the direction of travel of the wave / transfer of energy(1)		(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (b)	wavelength gets shorter / decreases		(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (c)	An answer that combines the following points to provide a method: • use a stop watch (1) • count number of waves that reach the bank in a given time (1)		(2)

Total for question 3 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Mark
4(a)	B 10^{-10} m	(1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
4(b)	one from • same atomic number (1) • same number of protons (1) • same element (1) and one from • different numbers of neutrons (1) • different mass numbers (1)	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)	An explanation that combines understanding (1 mark) and reasoning (1 mark) linking: • number of neutrons decreases by one (1) • number of protons increases by one.(1)	a neutron becomes a proton plus an electron for (2) marks	(2)

Question number	Answer	Mark
4(d)	C a helium nucleus	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(e)	An explanation that combines identification - application of knowledge (1 mark) and reasoning/justification - application of understanding (2 marks): • heat energy gained/absorbed by an electron. • electron changes orbit • electron loses energy	electron excited /unstable (by) emitting radiation	(3)

Total for question 4 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Mark
5(a)	C mass	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(i)	0.45 (s) (1)	Allow any value ≥ 0.4 and ≤ 0.5	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(ii)	An explanation that combines improvement of the experimental procedure (1 mark) and justification/reasoning which must be linked to the improvement (1 mark) - take pictures more frequently (1) - in order to determine exact time of the release. (1)	other responses may be acceptable	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(iii)	Substitution (1) $F = 7.26 \times 20.6$ Evaluation (1) 150 (N)	Accept 149.6 (N) full marks will be awarded for correct numerical answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(iv)	Rearrangement (1) $v = a \times t$ Substitution (1) $v = 23 \times 0.48$ Evaluation (1) 11 (m/s)	Accept 11.04(m/s) full marks will be awarded for correct numerical answer without working	(3)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(i)	Substitution (1) $PE = 7.26 \times 10 \times 1.3$ Answer (1) 94.4 (J)		(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)(ii)	An explanation that combines identification - application of knowledge (1 mark) and reasoning/justification - application of understanding (1 mark): • (energy stored changes between) gravitational potential energy, kinetic energy (1) • Potential energy increases as it rises / decreases as it falls. (1)	Ignore reference to energy change after hitting the ground (eg sound / heat)	(2)

Total for question 5 = 13 marks

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (a)(i)	Any one of: solar panel (1) bio-gas (1) geothermal (1)	reject wind unless reference made to electrical heater supplied by wind-powered dynamo.	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(ii)	substitution and rearrangement (1) efficiency. = useful energy / total energy 0.96 x 7500 evaluation (1) 7200 (J)	full marks will be awarded for correct numerical answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (b) (i)	An explanation that combines identification - understanding (1 mark) and reasoning/justification - understanding (1 mark): foam contains pockets of air OR foam / air is an insulator (1) which reduces energy transfer to surroundings (1)		(2)

Question number	Indicative content	Mark
6 (b) (ii)	Answers will be credited according to the candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant. A03 (6 marks) <u>Apparatus</u> • beakers • thermometer(s) • stop watch • foam and new material <u>Measurement of energy loss</u> • put material around cylinder/ beaker/calorimeter (or use foam jacket to start with) • put hot water into cylinder/beaker • measure temperature • measure temperature at intervals/at start / at finish/after fixed period of time • or measure time taken to cool to set temperature <u>Comparison between two materials</u> • change to other material around cylinder/beaker • compare the temperatures of the two after fixed time • or compare time taken to cool • the better insulator cools down more slowly <u>Measures to ensure fair test</u> • same mass of water • same thickness of material • same starting temperature • same time interval • same room temperature <u>Accuracy</u> • repeat readings • take average of readings	(6)

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No awardable content
Level 1	1–2	- Analyses the scientific information but understanding and connections are flawed. (AO3) - An incomplete plan that provides limited synthesis of understanding. (AO3)
Level 2	3–4	- Analyses the scientific information and provides some logical connections between scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures. (AO3) - A partially completed plan that synthesises mostly relevant understanding, but not entirely coherently. (AO3)
Level 3	5–6	- Analyses the scientific information and provide logical connections between scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures. (AO3) - A well-developed plan that synthesises relevant understanding coherently. (AO3)

Total for question 6 = 11 marks

